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The meeting was called to order at 6:30 p.m. by Chairman Stu Lewin. Present were 1 regular members Mark Suennen; and, Ex-officio Dwight Lovejoy. Also present were Planning 2 Coordinator Nic Strong, and Planning Board Assistant Shannon Silver. Newly appointed 3 alternate Don Duhaime was also present but, not having been sworn in, was not able to act in an 4 official capacity. 5 6 7 Present in the audience for all or part of the meeting were Brandy Mitroff, Barbara Thomson, Conservation Commission, Sue Tingley, Charlie Peak, Ed Colburn, Craig Heafield, 8 Dave Elliott, Skip Gomes, Ken Lombard, Jay Marden, Donna Mombourquette, James 9 Denesevich, Tom Carr, CWS, Jay Heavisides, PE, Ken Kozyra and Russ Boland, Fire Inspector. 10 11 **Public Input Session, re: Earth Removal Regulations** 12 13 The Chairman read the public input session notice. Present in the audience were Sue 14 Tingley, Charlie Peak, Barbara Thomson, Conservation Commission, Ed Colburn, Craig 15 Heafield, Dave Elliott, Skip Gomes, and Brandy Mitroff. 16 The Chairman briefly reviewed the background for the Earth Removal Regulations, 17 noting that the first public input session was held on June 8, 2010, a discussion took place at the 18 Planning Board meeting of July 27, 2010, and a second public input session was held on August 19 24, 2010. 20 The Chairman informed those present that the Town was, and is, out of compliance with 21 State law regarding excavation and the point of the current process was two-fold: 1) to make the 22 Planning Board the town entity with responsibility for administering earth removal in New 23 Boston, and 2) to revise the Earth Removal Regulations to be in compliance with State law and 24 to include town-specific things. He went on to say that a set of all the forms and checklists had 25 been drafted and was sent to everyone for review and he also noted that the regulations had been 26 redrafted following the prior input sessions to include comments and suggestions that came from 27 the participants. 28 29 The Chairman noted that one other change made was to move away from a yearly permit requirement with a noticed hearing to a permit that would be valid for some longer period of 30 time, or until the earth removal operation was completed or fell out of compliance. He noted that 31 everyone would have to come in at least once to get up to date with the requirements and this 32 would involve a noticed hearing. He noted, however, that this was the trade off against having 33 yearly hearings. 34 35 Sue Tingley asked when the new regulations and forms would take effect. She noted that the State permits ran from April to March. The Chairman said that if at the end of this public 36 input session everyone agreed that the regulations were complete the regulations would be 37 38 scheduled for a public hearing with the Planning Board and then everyone would fill in the applications and submit their forms, have their hearings and be done for a period of time. He 39 said he did not have an exact date for this but it would hopefully be within the next couple of 40 months and certainly within the next six months. In response to a further question from Sue 41 Tingley, the Chairman noted that everyone should simply fill out the State's permits and continue 42 43 on until informed to follow the Town's procedures.

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Ed Colburn noted that on the Application Checklist and Waiver Request form, nine

3 Traffic and/or Environmental Impacts Studies were listed as a submission item and he wondered 4 where the details were about those studies. Mark Suennen pointed out that the regulations 5 Section 12, B, 2, referenced those studies and the Subdivision Regulations where further 6 7 information could be found. Ed Colburn asked if every application would require those studies, to which the Chairman responded, yes, unless a waiver was requested. Mark Suennen explained 8 9 that the checklist included a section of items that had to be submitted in order for an application to be accepted as complete and then things like the studies mentioned that were included in a 10 section of things that would be submitted prior to final approval. He noted that the Board would 11 discuss these things during the hearing process. 12

Dave Elliott stated that he and his brother, Steve, owned a sand and gravel pit off Todd's 13 Corner and had done so for about 10 years. He stated that he was concerned at having to start 14 from scratch with things such as traffic routes for this existing operation. The Chairman noted 15 that part of the point of what the Planning Board was doing was getting in line with State 16 requirements. He noted that if a pit had been doing things a certain way and was successful with 17 no complaints then the application should capture that fact in order to be clean with the State and 18 clean with the Town's requirements. He stated that his intention was not to change things for the 19 sake of change. Dave Elliott said that it was not clear whether or not an existing operation would 20 be required to do a traffic study. He noted that some years this pit only had 50 loads removed 21 and other years may have 500 loads. The Chairman noted that if the applicant did not think they 22 needed to submit something that was listed in the regulations then they could request a waiver. 23 Dave Elliott said that having seen the Board act on waivers in the past he was a little leery of 24 needing to follow that process. Mark Suennen acknowledged that waivers were not 25 automatically granted and did require a vote of the Board. 26

The Chairman reiterated that in his opinion the applications for earth removals that were 27 existing and ongoing with no problems would be documenting what they were doing and as long 28 29 as the things listed in the regulations were taken care of or a waiver was requested with the reasons why the things did not have to be done the applicant should be all set. He noted that he 30 did not see this as an exercise in changing what people were doing but an exercise in recognizing 31 that the current situation was not legal and trying to make it right. Dave Elliott said that his 32 concern was that the hearing process opened the door for abutters and anyone who drove down 33 the highway to complain and have the Board retract a permit for something that was already 34 35 being done. The Chairman restated that the Town had to do something because they were not legal. He said he had expressed before that people living next to a gravel pit should not be 36 surprised. He went on to say that there would be a higher level of scrutiny for a new application 37 38 because they had not been operating before. He carried on that this process would get all the pits on the record and make them legal with a permit that would not require them to have to come 39 back on an annual basis. The Chairman told Dave Elliott that he had heard and acknowledged 40 his concerns. Dave Elliott said he did not like having to ask permission to keep doing something 41 that he had been doing for years. 42

43 Dave Elliott asked if the regulations had been modeled off other neighboring towns'. The

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Coordinator explained that the first draft had been taken from the Southwest Region Planning 3 Commission's model with several other towns' regulations looked at for ideas as well, including 4 Hollis, Weare, and Salisbury, among others. Dave Elliott commented that New Boston's 5 regulations and forms included an awful lot of paperwork and he was wondering if there was 6 7 something from other towns to compare to. He said he understood that it was hard to not make it complicated and this was the way it had to be done because of the attorneys. The Chairman 8 9 thought that was a good general statement but noted that part of the reason for coming up with the checklists and so on was to make it clearer to everyone what was required. He asked the 10 gravel pit owners and operators to take a look at the forms that would relate to their situation and 11 see if there was anything included that did not make sense and should be changed. Dave Elliott 12 thought that the regulations were well put together, he just wished they were not 60 pages long. 13 Dave Elliott stated that, in addition, to the sand and gravel operation he was also in 14 business building roads and building sites, parking lots and so on for commercial operations. He 15 thought that the new regulation would add paperwork and time to every project he would have to 16 do by having to ask for an exemption to remove material in conjunction with a building project. 17 He noted this was in part to do with the definition of excavation contained in the regulations 18 although he was still not completely clear on how this would affect things. The Coordinator 19 noted that the removal of earth products as incidental to a subdivision or construction of a 20 commercial building would not require an earth removal permit but would be dealt with as an 21 exemption under the Earth Removal Regulations through the Site Plan Review or Subdivision 22 process and the Board would be able to set hours of operation, truck routes and so on during that 23 process. Dave Elliott thought that this was a classic situation that would come up more and more 24 as lots that were difficult to develop were proposed for various uses. He thought that if the 25 material removed was sold then it could not be considered incidental to the construction of either 26 the subdivision or the commercial property. The Coordinator stated that her understanding was 27 that incidental related to the fact that the material had to be removed in order to perform what 28 29 would be the principal use on the property. She noted that the person was not intending to be an earth removal operation but was moving the material in order to do what they wanted to do with 30 the property and the material was in the way of doing that. The Coordinator pointed out that 31 there was a section in the Earth Removal Regulations regarding a claim that the removal was 32 incidental to construction. She said that when the applicant was proving this to the Planning 33 Board during a Subdivision or Site Plan it would be fairly easy to prove the incidentiality of the 34 35 removal with the grading plan and so on. She stated in those cases there would not be an Earth Removal Permit with associated hearing but they would have to follow the operational and 36 reclamation standards from the Statute which were also listed in the regulations. The 37 38 Coordinator noted that the Board, as part of this review, could set hours of operation, routes, numbers of trucks and so on. The Chairman thought that Dave Elliott's initial take on the 39 requirements of this section was wrong. He noted that earth removal in order to make room for 40 the proposed principal use on the property that was shown on the subdivision plan and it was 41 determined to be incidental it would be covered in the subdivision plan then no additional 42 43 requirements would be made under the Earth Removal Regulations.

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Ed Colburn pointed out that on the Earth Removal Application Form the Authorization to 3 Enter Subject Property seemed overly broad to him as far as a time frame during which 4 inspectors could access the site. He thought the same format as the authorization used for site 5 walks with an announced time for a site visit would be a better way of approaching this. The 6 7 Chairman noted that the language here was the same as on the Planning Board's subdivision and site plan application forms. He acknowledged that excavation was an ongoing activity as 8 opposed to a subdivision that would be inspected once for approval and once for compliance but 9 noted that the wording was consistent with other Planning Board applications so it was not 10 singling out the earth removal operations in any way. The Chairman thought the Board could 11 consider including the requirement for 24 hour notice of an inspection. Ed Colburn noted that he 12 would have suggested 48 hours prior notice. The Chairman noted that he would prefer not to 13 make any changes to this language because it was consistent with other applications but noted it 14 was a good point to consider. He asked the Board if they had any comments. Mark Suennen 15 prefaced his comments with the statement that he was sure that the present company were all 16 good operators who remained in compliance and this would never be a concern, but he would be 17 against giving any notice for some kind of compliance inspection or an inspection of a complaint 18 because that would allow time for the issue to be fixed. He did agree that as a courtesy persons 19 conducting other kinds of inspections should make every effort to schedule a time for the site 20 visit. Dave Elliott stated that he was not completely comfortable with the idea of unannounced 21 site visits but acknowledged the need in compliance situations. He stated that he did not think it 22 a good idea to allow site inspections to be wide open for everybody, noting that it was not always 23 the case that the inspector knew what they were looking for, or at. Mark Suennen pointed out the 24 need for personal protective equipment in some situations and the need for safety. Dave Elliott 25 also stated that his equipment had been vandalized a few times over the last few years and he 26 took whatever means necessary to provide security for his gravel pit. He said again that he 27 agreed with the need for unannounced compliance visits but would like to see 24 or 48 hour 28 29 notice for the others. The Chairman noted that he did not agree but it was a valid point and the Board would discuss it. 30 Craig Heafield asked if he were going to fill out an Existing Excavation Exemption 31

Application, did he still need to fill out the Application Checklist and Waiver Request Form. 32 The Board noted that he did not, but Mr. Heafield pointed out that the first paragraph on the 33 Checklist form stated: "The applicant shall complete this checklist as part of every Earth 34 35 Removal application.", which he interpreted to be required for every type of removal operation. It was determined to add quotation marks around the words "Earth Removal Application" in 36 order to denote the fact that the checklist was only to be use for that specific type of application. 37 38 Craig Heafield noted that he had an additional question about existing excavations within the regulations but it would take a minute for him to find his question. 39 Skip Gomes asked about crushers and screeners and noted that there used to be a 40

requirement for a hearing if a pit owner wished to operate a crusher. The Chairman noted that
 the regulations had been written as follows: "<u>Material Processing</u> The Regulator recognizes
 that as part of an earth removal operation there may be occasions that material processing, such

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as, crushing and screening, is needed as a temporary and incidental accessory activity. Such 3 activities may only take place if approved by the Regulator upon request of the Applicant during 4 the application process. Such approval is not intended to approve, nor shall it constitute approval 5 of, an ongoing permanent commercial/industrial crushing or processing operation. The 6 7 Regulator reserves the right to set limitations on the processing of materials, including, but not limited to, hours of operation.". The Chairman went on to say that the Board had removed the 8 9 need for a special hearing but included the need for the use of crushers or screeners to be 10 identified during the application process and the right of the Board to set the hours of operation and other limitations on such uses. 11 Craig Heafield noted that his other question was to do with Pages 27 & 28 under the 12 section to do with Exemptions. He noted that on Page 27, the regulations stated that the 13 Regulator "may" require a public hearing, but on Page 28, the regulations stated that a hearing 14 would be required. The Chairman stated that this would be investigated to see what the correct 15 language should be. 16

17 Craig Heafield next noted the section regarding Waste Disposal which prohibited 18 hazardous materials being brought to a pit and disposed of and asked about the reference to 19 organic material, noting that he had allowed people to bring leaves and woodchips and so on to 20 his pit to dump them. The Chairman noted that this language made direct reference to RSA 21 149:M,1, which very likely contained a definition of what was considered organic material and 22 this would also be investigated and an answer made available by the next time the regulations 23 were discussed.

24 The Chairman suggested that after the three input sessions that had taken place on the regulations, and considering the fact that the regulations had taken two years to get to this point, 25 the next step should probably be to go to public hearing rather than another input session. He 26 said that everyone would still get the opportunity to review the final draft and make any further 27 comments or suggestions that may come up between now and then, but it was time to get the 28 29 regulations adopted and get everyone applicated and heard. Mark Suennen agreed. He noted that all the questions this evening had been solid questions on the wording and set up of the 30 regulations and these things could be handled at a public hearing. 31

32 Craig Heafield asked one final question about Existing Excavations and whether there were any provisions for crushing and screening. The Coordinator noted that if an applicant 33 chose to prove that they were an Existing Excavation according to statute and the regulations 34 35 they would then be governed only by the statute and the town's allowed uses, for instance, temporary stockpiling of materials from jobsites, crushing, and so on, were not discussed in the 36 statute. The Chairman thought that this was a good question to find out the legal answer on, 37 38 noting, as did Dave Elliott and Craig Heafield, that uses such as crushing and screening may have taken place in the older pits under the old town regulations. 39

The Chairman thanked everyone for coming and for the suggestions and comments. He
noted the next step would be a public hearing that would incorporate the answers from this
evening's input session.

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1 TWIN BRIDGE LAND MANAGEMENT, LLC Adjourned from 12/14/10

2 Public Hearing/Major Subdivision/26 Lots

3 Location: Twin Bridge Road & West Lull Place

- 4 Tax Map/Lot #2/62-12 & 3/5
- 5 MHP w/R-1 allowance & "R-A" District
- 6

The Chairman read the public hearing notice. Present in the audience were Tom Carr,
CWS, and Jay Heavisides, PE, representing the applicants who were not present. Also present
were Ken Lombard, Jay Marden, Donna Mombourquette, James Denesevich, Barbara Thomson,
Conservation Commission, Brandy Mitroff and Dave Elliott.

The Chairman gave a brief background to the application and noted that recent correspondence consisted of a memo from the Fire Wards regarding fire fighting water supply; the draft minutes of the January 13, 2011, Road Committee meeting; and, an email from Tom Carr, CWS. The Chairman noted that no revised plans were submitted for tonight's meeting pending the waiver request for the road grade at the intersection of Twin Bridge Road and Wright Drive. He next asked that if anyone in the audience wished to speak they wait to be recognized and then give their name and address for the record.

Tom Carr, CWS, stated that he anticipated limited discussion on the application this 18 evening. He noted that they were working on the road issues with the Road Committee and had 19 a follow up meeting scheduled with that Committee on February 17, 2011, to go over the revised 20 plans before the Road Committee would make any recommendations to the Planning Board. 21 Tom Carr, CWS, went on to say that the engineer had corrected the sag curves to meet the design 22 requirement of a 35 mph road. He also noted that the Road Committee discussed Kevin 23 Leonard, PE, Northpoint Engineering's last letter regarding shallow swales along Wright Drive. 24 One item Tom Carr, CWS, said that Kevin Leonard, PE, needed the Board to weigh in on was 25

²⁶ #38 from his last letter regarding the limits of work and associated bonding.

The Chairman stated that before getting into discussion of the roadwork and bonding he 27 would like to hear about the Road Committee's preliminary agreement regarding the intersection 28 29 of Wright Drive and Twin Bridge Road. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that if the intersection was designed with the regulation -3% for 75' from the centerline of Twin Bridge Road, the road grade 30 would be too low to make the detention basin in that location work for the 50 year storm. He 31 said that the applicants had requested a waiver to be allowed to design the road at -2% for 20' but 32 the Road Committee thought that 20' was too close to the intersection and they wanted at least 33 50' to the low point. He went on to say that Jay Heavisides, PE, was working on this issue to 34 35 meet the Road Committee's request. The other item that the Road Committee discussed was the shallow swales alongside the road in this location. Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the Road 36 Committee wanted the swales to be increased from their current 7 - 8" deep to at least 12" deep 37 38 at a 1% pitch and to have them constructed of asphalt which would allow themselves to clean out the sediment during flow situations and catch the sediment in a sediment bay. 39 Tom Carr, CWS, noted again that Kevin Leonard, PE, wanted the Board to address the 40

road bond and construction monitoring costs along with the offer of the sand and gravel to the

42 town. He noted that this was discussed in #38 of Kevin Leonard, PE's, December 12, 2010,

43 letter which he read for the record:

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- "Wright Avenue has a substantial cut section between STA 23+00 and 28+00, followed
 by a substantial fill section between STA 28+00 and 32+80. The roadway plans have been
 revised to depict the lot grading as we previously suggested. The unique nature of the existing
 topography in this area and the necessity to perform extensive earthwork on the lots raises
 several questions, which the Planning Board should discuss."
- 8 Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the AoT permit had been approved with a "V" cut grading 9 design and now it was clear that the lots and road would have to be graded together. He noted 10 that the concern was how the road bond and construction monitoring costs for escrow were going 11 to be calculated. He continued to read from Kevin Leonard, PE's, letter:

"In New Boston, typically the roadway improvements are constructed to include the driveway aprons. When a builder goes to develop a house lot he simply ties into the driveway apron and causes little to no disturbance to the roadway improvements. In this case the bulk excavation required to site the homes makes this approach impractical.

- 16a.We recommend that the Planning Board define the limits of work that should be17completed as part of the roadway construction. Given the bulk excavation18required and resulting slopes we also recommend that the plan be approved with a19construction phasing plan and corresponding stabilization protocol. This will20have to take into account the fact that the Alteration of Terrain permit was21approved with a maximum of 5-acres disturbed at any one time."
- Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the limits of work were all the grading shown on the SP 22 sheets of the plan set and noted that this included all the drainage, recharge and so on needed for 23 the road surface. He added that the AoT permit limited disturbance to five acres and said that 24 meant anything that was rough graded and exposed without stabilization. Tom Carr, CWS, 25 noted that what he had discussed with Kevin Leonard, PE, and would like to propose to the 26 Board, was to have all of the grading, including the grading for the lots, in five acres increments, 27 define the limits of the construction to be stabilized. He suggested that when the first five acres 28 29 was stabilized then the next phase could be started. Tom Carr, CWS, said that this approach split the construction into four phases which were not all exactly five acres each but were close to it. 30 He noted that the lines depicting the phases had been included on the plans and would give 31 Kevin Leonard, PE, definition as to where each phase began and ended and would aid in 32

verifying that the project remained within the AoT permitting requirements. The Chairman
asked if Kevin Leonard, PE, was OK with this approach. Tom Carr, CWS, noted that he was,
adding that he had originally proposed adding a note to the plan to detail this matter which Kevin

Leonard, PE, was not in favor of. 36 Tom Carr, CWS, moved on to #38, c, of Kevin Leonard, PE's, December 12th letter: 37 "c. Once the Board has determined the above, it should also consider the limits of 38 work to be included in the roadway bond and limits of work to be inspected by the 39 Towns' consulting engineer. These decisions will need to be made before the 40 Subdivision Guarantee Worksheet or Construction Monitoring Escrow can be 41 completed." 42 43 Tom Carr, CWS, noted that in consideration of the grading plan and phasing as

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previously discussed, the applicants' suggestion was that the bond include all the roadway infrastructure including, drainage, headwalls, culverts, and so on, and everything associated with roadway construction and the construction monitoring escrow would include a sum of money enough to review all the grading and sitework on the property. The Chairman asked if Kevin Leonard, PE, approved of this proposal. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that he appeared to be OK with it. The Chairman asked if the Board members had any questions.

Mark Suennen asked if the idea was to complete Phase 1 before Phase 2, and if so, how 9 would Kevin Leonard, PE, sign off on the phase - with a letter, or by some other means. Or, 10 would the five acres be a rolling five acres? Tom Carr, CWS, stated that was a good question 11 and he did not have a definitive answer for it. He thought the intent was to complete the rough 12 grading, then final grading, then loam and seed, and envisioned that this could work with three 13 separate crews handling each stage and moving through the project. He said that Kevin Leonard, 14 PE, would have the authority to determine how many acres were open and allow more 15 construction to take place or to limit the extent of the work. Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the 16 alternative was to do Phase 1 totally and get approval to move forward based on the finished 17 work. Mark Suennen asked if finishing meant base coat of pavement or gravel. Dave Elliott 18 stated that there was no requirement to get to pavement and noted that stabilization would 19 include gravels and loam, seed and mulch, check dams and so on, but did not require vegetation. 20 He said that the five acre requirement was a standard AoT requirement so this project was no 21 different. He acknowledged that the inspections would be more complicated and having the 22 phasing called out on the plan gave the inspector a better way to control the site and stay within 23 24 the five acres. Mark Suennen said that it would be important to make sure that the selects tied in properly from one phase to another using this approach. Dave Elliott stated that the subgrades 25 would be extended further into the next phase to allow the proper integration of materials 26 between the phase lines. Mark Suennen thought that the Road Committee would be very 27 interested in how the edges of each phase would be knitted together. Dave Elliott said again that, 28 29 while not normal in New Boston, this was not an uncommon practice since the five acre rule had become part of AoT permitting some time ago. 30 Jay Marden asked about the elevation of the property as seen from the river and asked if 31 the excavation and grading that was to take place for the subdivision would be seen from the 32 river location. Tom Carr, CWS, indicated the high spot on the plans and noted that this matter 33

was one of concern to the Russell Foundation and Piscataquog Land Conservancy both of which organizations had signed off on this plan. He noted that the excavation and grading would not be seen from the river.

Tom Carr, CWS, returned to the matter of the grading and inspections of the road and lot construction. The Chairman asked the Board if they were in agreement with the proposed plan as described by Tom Carr, CWS, previously. Mark Suennen, Dwight Lovejoy and the Chairman all indicated their approval of the plan proposed by Tom Carr, CWS, for phasing, grading, bonding and monitoring.

42 Tom Carr, CWS, returned to Kevin Leonard, PE's, December 12th letter and read #38, b:

43 "b. I understand that the applicant has considered offering the Town surplus material

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associated with these large cuts. If this idea is pursued, the Town and applicant should clearly define the terms of this arrangement (i.e. timing, trucking, loading, etc.)."

Tom Carr, CWS, stated that this was a standing offer from the applicants and noted that it 6 7 did not have to happen. He said that if the town was looking for sand there would be some available but the applicants had never intended to get into legal agreements over it. He stated 8 that the material was there, it would be going, and if the Town wanted some they could take it. 9 Dwight Lovejoy said that the Selectmen were interested and he wanted to spend some time with 10 Dave Elliott to go over what was there. The Chairman asked for clarification that the applicants 11 also intended to remove material from the site. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that there was an excess 12 of 60K cubic yards and the applicants would be taking some themselves. The Chairman asked if 13 there was a plan for the timing of this removal. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that there was no plan 14 for that but it could be at the end because there was no requirement that all the material be gone 15 before the road could be paved. He thought that the material removal could take 2 or 3 years. 16 The Chairman thought that this arrangement was only possible if there was some degree of 17 formality to it because he did not want it to turn into a race for the material that was there. He 18 noted that if the Board of Selectmen and the Road Committee were OK with the arrangement 19 then he would have no further concern. 20 Tom Carr, CWS, said the only other item he wanted to discuss with the Board was the 21 Fire Wards' recent letter of the 11th regarding recommending sprinklers as well as a cistern. The 22 Chairman said that he wished to go over a few other items before discussing that matter. He 23 asked if Tom Carr, CWS, had received the plan review comments from the Planning 24 Coordinator. Tom Carr, CWS, indicated that he had and would be updating the plans when he 25 was sure that the Road Committee was OK with the revisions to the road grade and so on. The 26 Chairman asked if the legal documents could be sent for review now. Tom Carr, CWS, said that 27 he would like to avoid multiple reviews and wondered if these documents could be part of a 28 29 conditional approval. The Chairman said that normally the Board required the legal documents to be reviewed prior to a conditional approval. He stated that having a conditional approval with 30 large items outstanding and requiring review made the Board nervous. Tom Carr, CWS, stated, 31 32 in that case, that he would be comfortable having the legal review done now of the deeds and

33 documents.

The Chairman next noted that the issue of well radii overlapping lot lines had been 34 35 discussed at a couple of prior meetings but no decision had been made on how to handle the matter. He stated that this needed a final decision to bring the matter to closure. Tom Carr, 36 CWS, stated that the plans as submitted were legal and acceptable by the State. He did not want 37 38 to have easements drawn up that could potentially be worthless should the location of a well on an individual lot be different in the end. He added that well release forms or easement plans 39 could be done at the time of construction if they ended up being needed and a note could be 40 added to the plans confirming this. The Board agreed that a note should be added to the plans 41 acknowledging the requirement that easements for overlapping well radii would be required. 42 43 There being no further items for the Board's discussion, the Chairman asked Tom Carr,

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CWS, to return to the matter of the Fire Wards' recent request. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that in 3 consultation with the applicants and their attorney, their position was that the Town's 4 Subdivision Regulations require one form of fire fighting water supply or the other and they 5 were not willing to do both. He stated that the current plans showed the existing cistern at Twin 6 7 Bridge Road and noted that the required 2,200' truck travel distance actually covered the lots in the proposed subdivision, except the last 14 on the cul-de-sac. He went on to say that if the 8 preference was for sprinklers, the applicants were willing to sprinkle the last 14 homes. Tom 9 Carr, CWS, noted that the applicants' proposal was to install a 30,000 gallon cistern that would 10 cover all the lots in the subdivision. He noted that they had thought the Fire Wards' preference 11 was for a cistern. The Chairman indicated that his understanding was that the Fire Wards much 12 preferred sprinklers. 13

Dwight Lovejoy did not think the Board should make the applicants put in both a cistern 14 and sprinklers. The Chairman asked how far the proposed cistern was from the end of the cul-15 de-sac. Jay Heavisides, PE, indicated that it would be about 1,200'. The Chairman noted that 16 this was half the required distance of 2,200'. Tom Carr, CWS, agreed and noted that a cistern 17 was supposed to cover 2,200' in each direction, so only having houses within 1,200' in one 18 direction was a benefit. He pointed out that the proposed cistern would also cover the lots 19 already covered by the existing cistern on Twin Bridge Road. Jay Marden stated that this matter 20 came up time and again and pointed out that the Planning Board's regulations required only one 21 system or the other and the Fire Wards kept trying to get both. The Chairman noted that the Fire 22 Wards were asking for the dual system in consideration of the length of the cul-de-sac. He said 23 that the Board could ask the Fire Wards if only one system was to be used which would they 24 prefer. Tom Carr, CWS, said that if sprinklers were chosen they would only be for the 14 lots 25 not covered by the Twin Bridge Road cistern. He indicated on the plans which lots this would 26 apply to. The Chairman asked if the applicants would be willing to sprinkler two additional lots 27 which would cover the 16 lots proposed within the open space portion of the subdivision on Tax 28 29 Map/Lot #3/5. Tom Carr, CWS, said he could not speak for the developers. He noted that the rough cost per house for the sprinkler systems was \$4K. He asked Dave Elliott how much a 30 30,000 gallon cistern would cost and was told over \$60K. 31

The Coordinator noted that this issue did keep coming up and noted that the Subdivision 32 Regulations allowed the applicant to propose the type of fire fighting water supply they would 33 like to install, then the Planning Board made the determination after recommendation from the 34 35 Fire Wards. She noted that there had always been the allowance for the Fire Wards to recommend an additional cistern in circumstances they thought required additional water supply. 36 Brandy Mitroff agreed, pointing out that the Fire Wards often suggested the additional cistern in 37 38 situations with longer cul-de-sacs. She noted that sprinklers provided life safety protections while the cisterns provided water that could be used for fires in unattached barns or sheds or 39 garages that would not be covered by sprinklers. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that the lots in this 40 subdivision were small and made smaller by the grading and the restrictions on building in 41 certain areas. He did not envision many outbuildings on these properties. Don Duhaime said 42 43 that the Fire Wards should have input into this decision and the Planning Board should plan for

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TWIN BRIDGE LAND MANAGEMENT, LLC, cont.

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the benefit of the people who would be buying the homes in the subdivision and their safety. 3 Jay Marden asked about the timing of the gravel removal and said that the excess 4 material was from the end of the cul-de-sac and wondered if that meant that no matter how long 5 it took, the material would not be removed until the road was built to that point. He said he did 6 7 not think that the material should be removed as soon as the road construction began. Tom Carr, CWS, stated that was a fair comment and made sense. He thought that nothing would leave the 8 9 site until the road and house sites were done. He further noted in response to Jay Marden's previous question about seeing the excavation from the river and a question from Donna 10 Mombourquette about what appeared to be septic system reserve areas in the open space (which 11 he noted had been removed), that one of the NH Department of Resources and Economic 12 Development's (DRED) requirements in accepting the land was that the back property corners 13 had to be pinned, the boundaries between the pins had to be placarded and the limit of the 14 disturbance for the lot grading had to be laid out on the ground. 15 Donna Mombourquette asked about the lot line adjustment with the Martels and was 16 informed by Tom Carr, CWS, that that was off the table. 17 Mark Suennen asked about the open space land and what DRED's position was on 18 recreational use of that land. Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the land could be used by anyone to 19 walk on and the uses reserved were strictly conservation with passive recreation. He stated that 20 no parking area would be provided, no boat launches or anything like that. He further noted that 21 the idea was to leave the land alone and let it grow back. Donna Mombourquette asked how 22 violators would be dealt with. Tom Carr, CWS, noted that the Conservation Commission would 23 have an easement and, therefore, a right to enforce but DRED would be the landowner and have 24 the ultimate responsibility for any legal action that became necessary. He said that the 25 Conservation Commission would be monitoring the land on an annual basis and report their 26 findings to DRED. Donna Mombourquette asked for details of the conservation easement and 27 was advised to discuss this with either the Conservation Commission or Ian McSweeney of the 28 29 Russell Foundation. The Chairman returned to the issue of fire fighting water supply. Mark Suennen thought 30 that if the Planning Board's position was to accept either the cistern or sprinklers, then it would 31 make more sense to require the cistern because it would cover the homes and additional external 32 factors. Don Duhaime pointed out the Fire Department's location in relation to this property, 33 noting that it was at least eight miles away and the members of the department were volunteers. 34 35 The Chairman noted that his understanding was that the Fire Wards preferred sprinklers to cisterns so he would suggest having the Board of Fire Wards choose which one they would 36 prefer to have in this situation. He noted that the two possibilities were a 30,000 gallon cistern in 37 the proposed location or sprinkler systems for the 16 lots on Tax Map/Lot #3/5. He noted that 38 the slight expansion of the sprinkler coverage was in consideration of the long cul-de-sac. Dave 39 Elliott pointed out that the applicant was OK with sprinklers on the 14 lots not covered by the 40

41 Twin Bridge Road cistern, but adding two more lots would make a difference of \$8,000. The

42 Chairman noted that the size of the subdivision and the cost of the project made the \$8,000 a

43 fraction of a percent of the total. He noted that the waiver granted for the road length was way

January 25, 2011

1 TWIN BRIDGE LAND MANAGEMENT, LLC, cont.

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over 1,000'. Tom Carr, CWS, understood that the Chairman was looking for a compromise and thought that the costs for sprinkling 16 lots at \$4K were close enough to the cistern at \$60K - \$65K +/- that he could say that the applicant would be OK with whichever system was approved for this subdivision. The Board agreed that this would be the question posed to the Fire Wards.

- Tom Carr, CWS, asked to be adjourned to the March 22, 2011, meeting, to allow time for
 all the outstanding items to be wrapped up.
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Mark Suennen MOVED to adjourn the hearing and extend the deadline for Board action
 for Twin Bridge Land Management, LLC, Public Hearing/Major Subdivision/26 Lots,
 Location: Twin Bridge Road & West Lull Place, Tax Map/Lot #2/62-12 & 3/5, MHP
 w/R-1 allowance & "R-A" District, to March 22, 2011, at 7:30 p.m.. Dwight Lovejoy

- seconded the motion and it **PASSED** unanimously.
- 15

16 VISTA ROAD, LLC (OWNER)

17 ANDERSON & KREIGER, LLP, for New Cingular Wireless PCS, LLC (AT&T)

- 18 (APPLICANT)
- 19 <u>Compliance Hearing/Major Site Plan/Personal Wireless Service Facility</u>
- 20 Location: Thompson Lane (formerly Wilson Hill Road)
- 21 Tax Map/Lot #6/33
- 22 Residential-Agricultural "R-A" District
- 23

The Chairman read the public hearing notice. Present in the audience was Ken Kozyra,
 of KJK Wireless, representing the applicant. Also present was Barbara Thomson, Conservation
 Commission.

The Chairman noted that no one had been present at the site walk held on January 15, 27 2011. He noted that those Board members present had viewed the site against the proposed 28 29 plans so some things were not in place and the driveway was not plowed so they did not get close to the tower. He said it was hard to determine compliance based on these factors. Ken 30 Kozyra presented as-built plans and noted that this tower was still owned by AT&T unlike the 31 Old Coach Road tower that had been sold. He said that the same thing had happened with the 32 shelter and generator switching positions and the fact that the ground mounted transformer was 33 in fact mounted on the last pole. He went on to say that the plantings had not taken place but 34 35 everything else was the same and the tower was in the right location. The Chairman stated that he had not been able to get close enough to tell. He stated that this was the problem when no one 36 was present to go over the proposed plan and what had actually been built. He noted that the 37 applicant and representative had known of the site walk. The Chairman pointed out that with all 38 the snow it was impossible to know if the drainage items had been taken care of. Ken Kozyra 39 said that the surveyor had dug down to the ground to determine the beginning and end of the 40 drainage structures. 41 Shannon Silver, Planning Board Assistant, noted that Ed Hunter, Building Inspector and 42

42 Code Enforcement Official, had commented to her earlier that day that everything from his

January 25, 2011

VISTA ROAD/AT&T CELL TOWER, cont.

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standpoint had been taken care of.

The Chairman asked the Board how they would deal with the fact that the landscaping 4 and stabilization could not be verified due to snow cover. Mark Suennen noted that there was 5 obviously no way to define permanent stabilization at this point and thought the Board should 6 7 hold a bond until such time as they could see that this had been done. He said the bond should also include the landscaping. He noted that he would be willing to grant a conditional approval 8 pending the permanent stabilization and landscaping being completed by June 15th. Mark 9 Suennen went on to say that he would also require updated as-builts when the plantings had 10 taken place with a stamp certifying the location. To determine the amount of the bond, the 11 Board reviewed a standard bond estimate form and determined that the trees were not included, 12 but loam and seed was listed at \$4.00/square yard. Following some calculation it was 13 determined that 555 square yards had indicated the need for stabilization on the proposed plans 14 and 30 trees were shown on the proposed plans. Ken Kozyra noted that in one location the plans 15 called for arborvitae, while another location called for 6' tall white pine. The Board determined 16 that the white pine were preferable. It was noted that these were usually approximately \$300 per 17 18 tree. 19 Mark Suennen **MOVED** to confirm that Vista Road, LLC (Owner) and Anderson & 20 Kreiger, LLP, for New Cingular Wireless, PCS, LLC, (AT&T) (Applicant), have 21 complied with the conditions subsequent to the approval of the site plan to install and 22 operate a personal wireless service facility from Vista Road, LLC's property on 23 Thompson Lane, formerly known as Wilson Hill Road, Tax Map/Lot #6/33, and to 24 release the hold on the Certificate of Occupancy/Use Permit to be issued by the Building 25

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CONDITIONS PRECEDENT:

Department, subject to:

- Submission of a bond for permanent stabilization and tree planting of 30x6' white
 pines in the amount of \$11,300.00, to be received by February 15, 2011.
- Submission of updated as-built plans signed, sealed and stamped by the engineer
 when plantings have taken place.
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- The deadline date for compliance with the conditions precedent #2 & 3, shall be **June 15**, 2011, the confirmation of which shall be an administrative act, not requiring further action by the Board. Should compliance not be confirmed by the deadline date and a written request for extension is not submitted by that date, the applicant is hereby put on notice that the Planning Board <u>may</u> convene a hearing under RSA 676:4-a to revoke the Approval.
- Dwight Lovejoy seconded the motion and it **PASSED**, with Mark Suennen and Dwight
 Lovejoy voting AYE and the Chairman voting NAY.
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January 25, 2011

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MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS AND CORRESPONDENCE FOR THE MEETING OF JANUARY 25, 2011

Russ Boland, Fire Inspector, was present in the audience so the Chairman began with Miscellaneous Business #4.

- Discussion with Russ Boland, New Boston Fire Inspector, re: Residential Sprinkler
 Systems.
- 9 10 Russ Boland noted that the Fire Wards had sent a request to the Planning Board that the Subdivision Regulations be amended to require either a cistern or sprinklers for all subdivisions, 11 not just those of five lots or more. He noted that following his last meeting with the Planning 12 Board he had been asked to find out some costs for New Boston to see if they were different 13 from the national statistics and also to find out the effectiveness of the systems from a New 14 England perspective. Russ Boland stated that from an effectiveness standpoint the experience in 15 New England mirrored the national statistics. As far as costs were concerned, Russ Boland 16 noted that New Boston was trending higher than the national average, based in part of the lack of 17 municipal water and the need, therefore, for a pump and tank. He noted that the alternative 18 system which was tied to the domestic water supply would require extra cost in terms of a 19 variable speed pump and/or extra capacity in the well casing for the required water supply. The 20 Chairman asked if this was the same for other rural New England communities and Russ Boland 21 replied yes, it was not specific to New Boston. In response to a question from Mark Suennen, 22 Russ Boland noted that the numbers in his latest letter dated January 25, 2011, were based on 23 total purchase price of properties not just the cost of the building. Russ Boland noted that Life 24 Safety, a sprinkler company, had given him a rough estimate of \$2/square foot and he noted that 25 the pump created the bulk of the cost. He noted that the applicant earlier this evening had 26 indicated a cost per house of \$4,000 and assumed that this must have been based on a bid for 14 27 28 homes. 29 Russ Boland noted that he had reported back to the Fire Wards after his first meeting with the Planning Board and they were asking that the Planning Board consider their request ready to 30 start July 1, 2011, when the moratorium was lifted by the State. He noted that there were 22 31 pieces of legislation pending to do with the sprinkler issue and code enforcement so things were 32 still up in the air. 33
- Mark Suennen asked to confirm that the proposal would allow either an approved cistern or sprinklers for all subdivisions. Russ Boland said that was his understanding after speaking with the Fire Wards. He stated that this situation was not unique to New Boston and most towns seemed to have evolved to having two types of system: the cisterns which were really all about property conservation; and the sprinklers which were for life safety.
- The Chairman noted that the request was to require fire fighting water supply for all lots where the regulations currently call for it only at the fifth lot. Mark Suennen stated that in the big scheme of things this did not seem to be a big request, other than for the subdivisions that cut one small lot from a large lot. Dwight Lovejoy asked if it was plausible for long cul-de-sacs that both systems could be needed once a road went beyond 1,000'. He noted that the regulations

January 25, 2011

1 MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS, cont.

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required one system or another and an applicant could not be forced to do something over and 3 above the regulations. Don Duhaime suggested that the Fire Wards be brought in to discuss that. 4 The Chairman noted that the first goal on the Board's list for 2011 was to deal with the cul-de-5 sac issue and that was when it would be discussed. He noted that the pending request from the 6 7 Fire Wards did not appear to be that outrageous. Russ Boland thought that there would come a point in time that the Board would want to meet with the Fire Wards to stop him running back 8 and forth between them. The Chairman thought that the Planning Board was at a point where the 9 10 request could be considered, probably without needing a meeting with the Fire Wards and that there did not seem to be that much more discussion that would require Russ Boland to keep 11 meeting with both parties. He said that the request could be pulled together with other changes 12 required to the Subdivision Regulations and a public hearing held on everything at once. 13 Mark Suennen asked if there was any cost savings attached to a system that was installed 14 to run off the domestic water supply. Russ Boland stated that the system still had to meet NFPA 15 13 standards and the heads were fed by PEX tubing and needed a variable speed pump. He 16 noted that domestic systems were designed with a 2-head calculation, meaning that they had to 17 supply 26 gallons a minute for ten minutes, i.e. 13 gallons per head per minute. He further noted 18 that the tanks used were usually 30 gallon tanks. Russ Boland noted that the additional costs for 19 this type of system were the variable speed pump or the additional 300 gallons of water in the 20 well casing. This system was dependent upon the recharge in the area within which the well was 21 located. The Chairman asked if the regulations specified anything other than NFPA. Russ 22 Boland stated that the chapters in NFPA 13D dealt with the combined systems and 23 approximately two years ago the Fire Wards had agreed to allow the domestic water supply

approximately two years ago the Fire Wards had agreed to allow the domestic water supply
system. He noted that the plumbing for such a system had to be installed by a licensed plumber
while domestic plumbing could be done by the homeowner.

Don Duhaime asked if anyone went back to check on sprinkler systems once they were 27 installed and operational. Russ Boland answered that no one checked on the systems. He said 28 29 that a few years ago the Fire Department had sent out 100 letters offering services to inspect the systems and no one had been interested. He noted that the cost of such a service was about the 30 same as furnace maintenance; in the \$150 - \$200 range. Don Duhaime asked what was the point 31 32 of the regulation if no one followed up on it. He said if something in the system broke no one would be any the wiser. This was dangerous, Don Duhaime said, because the Fire Department 33 would be expecting a sprinkler system to activate and it may not. Russ Boland stated that the 34 35 Fire Department had no jurisdiction to inspect these systems in single family homes. Shannon Silver pointed out that the Fire Department could not sign off on the systems being in good 36 working order due to the liability issue involved if something happened, especially since they 37 38 were not the installers of the system. She noted that the sprinkler companies offered that service for a fee. Russ Boland stated that the systems needed to be worked and have the pumps 39 exercised on a regular basis. 40

Mark Suennen asked if the Planning Board were willing to require fire fighting water
supply for three or more lots but not for one or two lot subdivisions, would the Fire Wards be
willing to negotiate that. Russ Boland said he did not know because this had not been discussed.

January 25, 2011

1 MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS, cont.

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He noted that at some point the issue would be removed from local jurisdiction and the state would require sprinklers in all new construction.

5 The Chairman asked the Board if they needed any more information, if the matter should 6 be discussed later, or if the number of lots should be discussed. Mark Suennen stated that he was 7 thinking about the Townes family splitting off one lot, and the Swinfords, and he was not sure if 8 he wanted to require those to become sprinklered.

9 The Coordinator noted that when the regulation had originally been enacted it was determined for some reason that any subdivision with 5 or more lots would need a cistern. She 10 wondered what had changed that would mean that 1 - 5 lots now needed this protection. Russ 11 Boland was not sure that anything had changed and noted that sprinklers were different than 12 cisterns. The Coordinator noted that Russ Boland was right, and pointed out that when 13 sprinklers became an option the existing language that required cisterns for 5 or more lots was 14 simply adapted to included sprinklers. She noted that this did not really make sense and 15 wondered if the Board should consider two different regulations. She noted, however, that there 16 would not, obviously, be many applicants choosing to put in a cistern if sprinklers were available 17 for subdivisions less than 5 lots. The Coordinator went on to say that when the language was 18 first included for cisterns the Board had been careful not to allow anyone to come in with a three 19 lot subdivision and then come back with further subdivisions that together would equal 5 lots but 20 individually did not meet that number. She said that the Board would have to be equally careful 21 if they decided not to include one and two lots subdivisions in this regulation to make sure that 22 unscrupulous parties did not use it as a way to avoid having to take care of the issue. The 23 Chairman noted his concern that if the two systems were split up there would be no way to get 24 cisterns. He wondered what a trigger for a cistern might be. Don Duhaime suggested that a 25 3,000' road with one way in and out would be a good one. The Chairman noted that the solution 26 would be to include the circumstances under which a cistern would be required. Don Duhaime 27 thought it was important to give the Fire Department an additional hand to discharge their duties. 28 29 Mark Suennen suggested that the Planning Board should come up with what they thought would be a suitable amendment to the Subdivision Regulations and present it to the Fire Wards 30 for their review and input. He noted that if the sprinklers and cisterns were separated then it 31 would be discussed and decided upon through the process. The Chairman agreed but noted that 32 some Board members were missing and suggested waiting until more members were present. 33 The Board agreed to discuss this matter again with a full Board. 34 35 Don Duhaime left the meeting. 36 37 38 1. Approval of December 14, 2010, minutes, distributed by email. 39 Mark Suennen **MOVED** to approve the minutes of December 14, 2010, as written. 40 Dwight Lovejoy seconded the motion and it **PASSED** unanimously. 41

43 2. Approval of December 28, 2010, minutes, distributed by email.

January 25, 2011

1	MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS, cont.	
2 3 4		Mark Suennen MOVED to approve the minutes of December 28, 2010, as written. Dwight Lovejoy seconded the motion and it PASSED unanimously.
5 6 7 8	3.	Endorsement of a Corrective Lot Line Adjustment Plan for C.V.I. Development, Inc. & Timothy & Suzanne O'Brien, Tax Map/Lot #'s 8/62-7 & 8/62-8, Fraser Drive, by the Planning Board Chairman and Secretary.
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	box on and the plan in Lot #8. showed incorre since th Engine with 0. record owners would	The Coordinator explained that it had recently come to the Planning Department's on that this Lot Line Adjustment Plan from 2004 contained an error. She noted that the the plan containing the total acreages before and after the lot line adjustment was correct, e Planning Board had approved the plan based on those numbers. However, the box on the dicating "Parcel A" which was the piece of land coming from Lot #8/62-8 and going to /62-7 showed an incorrect number. It was supposed to be 0.108 acres and the plans d 0.136. The Coordinator said that the Assessor had used that number and had, therefore, ectly listed the size of the lots in the assessing database for many years. She noted that his matter had come to her attention she had asked the plan drafter and Northpoint eering to recalculate Parcel A based on the metes and bounds and both of them came up .108 acres. She noted that the corrective plan listed the right lot sizes and would be ed at the Hillsborough County Registry of Deeds. She further noted that the property s would be sent a copy of the plan for their records and the lot that had overpaid taxes be offered the opportunity to apply for an abatement for 2010, although the Assessor had uted that it would be less than a dollar. The Chairman said that he would sign the plans at the end of the meeting. The
23 26 27 28 29		inator stated that she would contact Peter Hogan or Dean Mehlhorn to see if either of them stop by the Town Clerk's office on their late evening to sign the plan so it could be
 30 31 32 	6.	The draft Meeting Minutes of the New Boston Road Committee, January 13, 2011, meeting, were distributed for the Board's information.
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	Mark Suennen noted that he still had something to research that had been mentioned in the minutes to do with stop signs and stop bars. He recalled having read something in a national guidance document that suggested that if a stop sign was installed, the stop lines on the road had to be used. He noted, however, that there may be exceptions, if the traffic on the road was less than 400 trips per day, for example. He said he would investigate this and report back to the Board and the Road Committee	
40 41 42	7.	A daily road inspection report dated, December 15, 2010, from Northpoint Engineering, LLC, re: SIB Trust-Indian Falls/Susan Road, was distributed for the Board's information.
43	8.	The Coordinator reminded the Board about the Piscataquog Land Conservancy Summit

January 25, 2011

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MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS, cont.		
to be held at the Whipple Free Library on Saturday, January 29, 2011. The Board asked the Coordinator if she was planning to attend. The Coordinator stated that she would be attending this meeting.		
5. Memorandum dated January 10, 2011, from Nic Strong, Planning Coordinator, to Stu Lewin, Planning Board Chairman, re: Driveway Issue, Tax Map/Lot #8/9, Briar Hill Road, for the Board's review and discussion.		
Dwight Lovejoy stated that he had reviewed the recently submitted driveway permit and had informed the contractor that the driveway required a -3% grade away from the road and a culvert. The Coordinator stated that the Planning Department had a driveway permit from 1979/1980 for the original barway which was the original driveway to this lot. She noted that at some point the owner was saying that this second driveway was installed and had been used as the driveway for which the recent permit was submitted. She noted that the two driveways were not 200' apart as required by the Town's Driveway Regulations. Mark Suennen stated that the most recent driveway was apparently paved prior to a permit being issued. He said in that case the owner should use the old driveway and take out the		
new one. Dwight Lovejoy stated that there was a drainage issue from the new driveway into Brian Hill Road. Mark Suennen said that there was a legal permit from 1979. The Chairman agreed, noting that the original driveway was fine and permitted and could stay. He said that the new driveway was built without a permit and did not meet the regulations, therefore, it should be removed. Alternatively, the problems with the new driveway could be fixed and the old one removed. The property owner could not have both driveways because they were not 200' apart. Mark Suennen stated that if the driveway had been installed following the regulations the property owner would not be faced with the issue of choosing between driveways.		
The Board asked that the property owner be given the choice of continuing to use the		

The Board asked that the pro 28 29 original permitted driveway and removing the new illegally installed driveway or fixing the issues identified with the new driveway and removing the original driveway. 30

- 31 32 **Discussion, re: Planning Board Goals**
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34 The Chairman noted that discussion of the Planning Board's Goals for 2011 would be 35 continued at the next meeting.

Mark Suennen **MOVED** to adjourn the meeting at 10:00 p.m. Dwight Lovejoy seconded the motion and it **PASSED** unanimously.

39 Respectfully Submitted, Minutes Approved: 40 41 As written 02/22/11 42 Nic Strong 43 Planning Coordinator